

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/680,895	10/08/2003	Helen Zhu	P1052-LAM (RAO#1)	5978	
75	90 03/18/2005		EXAMINER		
Michael A. Kerr			NGUYEN, THANH T		
Virtual Legal				D. DOD 1 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
Ste. 211			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
777 E. William	St.	2813			
Carson City, NV 89701			DATE MAILED: 03/18/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

					<u> </u>		
		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/680,89) 5	ZHU ET AL.			
		Examiner		Art Unit			
		Thanh T. I	Nguyen	2813			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communic or Reply	ation appears on the	cover sheet with the	e correspondence addre	ss		
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failt Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FO MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNIC nsions of time may be available under the provisions of SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) period for reply is specified above, the maximum stature to reply within the set or extended period for reply wireply received by the Office later than three months after the part of the provided part of	ATION. 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no even ication. days, a reply within the state tory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the apply.	ent, however, may a reply be utory minimum of thirty (30) of Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro lication to become ABANDO	timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this commi	unication.		
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed	on <u>12/9/04</u> .					
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3) 🗌	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
5) [6) [7) [Claim(s) 1-26 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the The drawing(s) filed on is/are: Applicant may not request that any object Replacement drawing sheet(s) including to The oath or declaration is objected to	a) accepted or b) ion to the drawing(s) b he correction is requir	e held in abeyance. Seed if the drawing(s) is	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR 1			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)□ a)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority d 2. Certified copies of the priority d 3. Copies of the certified copies of application from the Internation See the attached detailed Office action	ocuments have bee ocuments have bee f the priority docume al Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applic ents have been rece e 17.2(a)).	ation No ived in this National Sta	ıge		
2) Notice 3) Infor	ot (s) See of References Cited (PTO-892) See of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT See of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PT See Mo(s)/Mail Date 10/8/03.		4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:		2)		

Application/Control Number: 10/680,895

Art Unit: 2813

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claim1-26 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chen (U.S. Patent No. 5,970,376) in view of Pangrle et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,566,283) and Wu et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,720,256) and Hsue et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,696,222).

Referring to figures 8-11, Chen teaches a method of forming a damascene structure comprising:

forming an silsesquioxane layer (66, called OSG, see figure 8, col. 17-33),

forming a cap layer or hardmask (68) on the OSG layer,

forming a photoresist layer (70, see col. 14, lines 46-55), etching the cap layer and the OSG layer to form a via (68a, see figure 9).

Application/Control Number: 10/680,895

Art Unit: 2813

Generating a high selectively between the photoresist and the OSG. It is inherent that since removing the photoresist layer without removing the organic material (OSG) it would generating the high selectivity.

Regarding to claim 2, 7, 18, the photoresist is an organic photoresist. Noted that it is known in the art that photoresist is made of organic material.

Regarding to claims 4, 8, the stripping of the photoresist is performed in the same reactor used for etching the OSG material (see col. 17, lines 3-9).

Regarding to claim 6, since remove the photoresist without remove the hardmask and the OSG film, therefore it would generating a high selectivity.

Regarding to claim 10, the intermediate layer is a cap layer (68, see figure 8).

Regarding to claim 11, cap layer is selected from a group consisting of silicon dioxide (see col. 14, lines 10-15, 37-45).

Regarding to claim 12, the second intermediate layer is a hard mask layer (called capping layer, 68, col. 14, lines 36-45).

However, the reference does not teach silsesquioxane-SOG is an OSG layer, forming a dual damascene, etching the trench into the second hardmask layer and apply another the photoresist layer to form a via etch by etching into the OSG layer, providing a via etched into the IC structure, generating an organic plug that occupies the via; and stripping organic plug, the hardmask layer selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride.

Pangrle et al. teaches a low k dielectric layer (12) silsesquioxane SOG such as OSG film (see col. 5, lines 15-26).

Application/Control Number: 10/680,895

Art Unit: 2813

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time of the invention was made to form a low k dielectric layer such as OSG film in process of Chen as taught by Pangrle et al. because silsesquioxane SOG is known in the art to include the OSG film with a low dielectric constant.

Wu et al. teaches forming a dual damascene (see figure 6d), forming the hardmask layer selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride (see col. 9, lines 62-67), providing a via etched into the IC structure (see figure 6a), Generating an organic plug (80, called resin) that occupies the via; and Stripping organic plug (see figure 6d-6e).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time of the invention was made would form a dual damascene, providing a via etched into the IC structure, generating an organic plug that occupies the via, and stripping organic plug, the hardmask layer selected from the group consisting of silicon nitride in process of Chen as taught by Wu et al. because the process would provide a wider process latitude and higher yield during the formation of dual damascene structures are provided. The method is resistant to poisoning from adjacent layers and does not form scum or residue in via holes during

trench patterning, and is compatible with high throughput, low cost manufacturing process.

Hsue et al. teaches a method of forming a dual damascene process using metal hardmask layer comprising the step of: etching the trench into the second hardmask layer (see figure 2b-2c) and apply another the photoresist layer (44) to form a via etch (45) by etching into the OSG layer (36, see figure 2d-2f).

Art Unit: 2813

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the requisite art at the time of the invention was made would etching the trench into the second hardmask layer and apply another the photoresist layer to form a via etch by etching into the OSG layer in process of Chen as taught by Hsue et al. because the process would reduce RC delay and cross talk, lower production cost and simplify the dual damascene process

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1695, or by Email via address Thanh.Nguyen@uspto.gov. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 6:00AM to 3:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Carl Whitehead, Jr., can be reached on (571) 272-1702. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956 (See MPEP 203.08).

Thanh Nguyen

Patent Examiner

Patent Examining Group 2800